

School: Princetown Community Primary	
Completed by a School Leader/ Key Stage Leader:	Name/ Signature/ Date:
Shared with Curriculum Leaders:	Name/ Signature/ Date:
Monitored by Curriculum Leader:	Name/ Signature/ Date:
To ensure subject coverage and weighting.	-

Statutory Requirements Early Years Foundation Stage revised framework 2021

Every child deserves the best possible start in life and the support that enables them to fulfil their potential. Children develop quickly in the early years and a child's experiences between birth and age five have a major impact on their future life chances. A secure, safe and happy childhood is important in its own right. Good parenting and high quality early learning together provide the foundation children need to make the most of their abilities and talents as they grow up.

Overarching principles

Four guiding principles should shape practice in early years settings. These are:

- every child is a unique child, who is constantly learning and can be resilient, capable, confident and self-assured
- children learn to be strong and independent through **positive relationships**
- children learn and develop well in **enabling environments** with teaching and support from adults, who respond to their individual interests and needs and help them to build their learning over time. Children benefit from a strong partnership between practitioners and parents and/or carers.
- importance of **learning and development**. Children develop and learn at different rates. The framework covers the education and care of all children in early years provision, including children with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND).

In planning and guiding what children learn, practitioners must reflect on the different rates at which children are developing and adjust their practice appropriately. Three characteristics of effective teaching and learning are:

- playing and exploring children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'
- active learning children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy achievements
- creating and thinking critically children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things

The EYFS curriculum is divided into seven areas of learning. There are three prime areas and four specific. The three prime areas are detailed below.

Communication and Language

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with

adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

Physical Development

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

Princetown Community Primary Aims to:

Offer an EYFS Curriculum that has been designed to reflect the nature of our school environment, our local community, the seasons of the year and the nature around our school. It aims to teach the children how their environment compares to other places, cultures and nature in other parts of the country and world. Where possible topic themes are introduced through stories, which lend themselves to various EYFS curriculum areas/outcomes. Each learning focus does not last a specific amount of time but is based on the children's learning and interest. All of the overarching themes have resources and activities ready to use in the continuous enhanced provision. Using books in this way teaches children that books and reading form the basis of all learning and help them develop an appreciation for books and a desire to read for pleasure.

Our ambitious Early Years curriculum aims to teach and support all children in gaining skills and knowledge to achieve the seventeen Early Learning Goals as set out in the Revised Framework. We teach through a range of teaching methods including child-initiated learning, whole class teaching, group teaching, investigations and problem solving, and independent learning. Some skills need to be taught discretely, so will be teacher led, but the majority of activities will be taught through play based activities. All activities are expertly modelled, and children are given sufficient time, support and resources to repeat and practise them.

Diversity: we have carefully planned our curriculum to include diversity (gender, disability, BAME – Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic) to ensure it is a diverse and inclusive curriculum.

Prime Areas

Communication and Language

The development of children's spoken language underpins all seven areas of learning and development. Children's back-and-forth interactions from an early age form the foundations for language and cognitive development. The number and quality of the conversations they have with adults and peers throughout the day in a language-rich environment is crucial. By commenting on what children are interested in or doing, and echoing back what they say with new vocabulary added, practitioners will build children's language effectively. Reading frequently to children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing them with extensive opportunities to use and embed new words in a range of contexts, will give children the opportunity to thrive. Through conversation, story-telling and role play, where children share their ideas with support and modelling from their teacher, and sensitive questioning that invites them to elaborate, children become comfortable using a rich range of vocabulary and language structures.

ELG: Listening, Attention and Understanding

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions;
- Make comments about what they have heard and ask questions to clarify their understanding;
- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

ELG: Speaking

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Participate in small group, class and one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary;
- Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate;
- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences, including use of past, present and future tenses and making use of

conjunctions, with	conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher.							
	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2		
CLL	Understand how	Ask questions to	Articulate their	Describe events in	Listen to and talk	Retell stories once		
Listening	to listen carefully	find out more and	ideas and	some detail.	about stories to	they have developed		
Attention and	and why	to check they	thoughts in well-		build familiarity and	a deep familiarity		
Understanding	listening is	understand what	formed	Use talk to help	understanding.	with the text; some		
Speaking	important.	has been said to	sentences.	work out		as exact repetition		
		them.		problems and	Engage in non-	and some in their		
	Engage in story		Connect one idea	organise thinking	fiction books.	own words.		
	times.	Develop social	or action to	and activities.				
		phrases.	another using a		Listen to and talk	Use new vocabulary		
			range of	Explain how	about selected non-	in different contexts.		
		Engage in story	connectives.	things work and	fiction to develop a			
		times.		why they might	deep familiarity with			
			Engage in non-	happen.	new knowledge and			
			fiction books.		vocabulary.			
			Listen to and					
			talk about					
			selected non-					
			fiction to develop					
			a deep					
			familiarity with					
			new knowledge					
			and vocabulary.					

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead healthy and happy lives, and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention as necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after

their bodies, including healthy eating, and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, co-operate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life.

ELG: Self-Regulation

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly;
- Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate;
- Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

ELG: Managing Self

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge;
- Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly;
- Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.

ELG: Building Relationships

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others;
- Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers;
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
PSED	See themselves as	Build constructive	Express their	Show resilience	Identify and	Think about the
	a valuable	and respectful	feelings and	and perseverance	moderate their own	perspectives of
Self-Regulation	individual.	relationships.	consider the	in the face of	feelings socially and	others.
	Welcome to	People who care	feelings of	challenge.	emotionally.	Manage their own
Managing Self	school	for us	others.	Our Health	We all have feelings	needs.
	Emergencies and	Rights,	Friendships	Healthy food	Good and not so	Jessie and friends 1
Building	getting help	responsibilities	NSPCC pants	choices	good feelings	watching videos
Relationships		and respect	campaign			
•		Black lives matter				

Physical Development

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives7. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

ELG: Gross Motor Skills

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others;
- Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing;
- Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.

ELG: Fine Motor Skills

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Hold a pencil effectively in preparation for fluent writing using the tripod grip in almost all cases;
- Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paint brushes and cutlery;

- Begin to show accuracy and care when drawing.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Physical	Further develop	Revise and refine	Progress towards	Develop the	Develop their small	Further develop and
Development	the skills they	the fundamental	a more fluent	overall body	motor skills so that	refine a range of
	need to manage	movement skills	style of moving,	strength, co-	they can use a range	ball skills including:
Gross Motor Skills	the school day	they have already	with developing	ordination,	of tools competently,	throwing, catching,
	successfully:	acquired:	control and	balance and	safely and	kicking, passing,
Fine Motor Skills	- lining up and	- rolling	grace.	agility needed to	confidently.	batting, and aiming.
	queuing	- crawling		engage	Suggested tools:	Develop confidence,
	- mealtimes	- walking	Use their core	successfully with	pencils for drawing	competence,
	- personal	- jumping	muscle strength	future physical	and writing,	precision and
	hygiene	- running	to achieve a	education	paintbrushes,	accuracy when
		- hopping	good posture	sessions and	scissors, knives,	engaging in
		- skipping	when sitting at a	other physical	forks and spoons.	activities that

- climbing Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group. Develop overall	table or sitting on the floor. Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.	disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming.	Combine different movements with ease and fluency.	involve a ball. Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: - regular physical activity - healthy eating
balance, co- ordination and agility				sensible amountsof 'screen time'having a goodsleep routine
	Supplied August			- being a safe pedestrian
	Specific Areas	V		

Literacy

It is crucial for children to develop a life-long love of reading. Reading consists of two dimensions: language comprehension and word reading. Language comprehension (necessary for both reading and writing) starts from birth. It only develops when adults talk with children about the world around them and the books (stories and non-fiction) they read with them, and enjoy rhymes, poems and songs together. Skilled word reading, taught later, involves both the speedy working out of the pronunciation of unfamiliar printed words (decoding) and the speedy recognition of familiar printed words. Writing involves transcription (spelling and handwriting) and composition (articulating ideas and structuring them in speech, before writing).

ELG: Comprehension

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary;
- Anticipate where appropriate key events in stories;
- Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during role-play.

ELG: Word Reading

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs;
- Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound-blending;
- Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.

ELG: Writing

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Write recognisable letters, most of which are correctly formed;
- Spell words by identifying sounds in them and representing the sounds with a letter or letters;
- Write simple phrases and sentences that can be read by others.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Literacy	Read individual	Blend sounds into	Read some letter	Read simple	Re-read these books	Re-read these books
-	letters by saying	words, so that	groups that each	phrases and	to build up their	to build up their
Comprehension	the sounds for	they can read	represent one	sentences made	confidence in word	confidence in word
	them.	short words made	sound and say	up of words with	reading, their	reading, their
Word Reading		up of known	sounds for them.	known letter-	fluency and their	fluency and their
_	NELI – Complete	letter-sound	-	sound	understanding and	understanding and
Writing	assessments and	correspondences.	Read a few	correspondences	enjoyment.	enjoyment.
-	identify children.		common	and, where		
Additional EYFS		NELI for targeted	exception words	necessary, a few	Form lower-case	Write short
Classic Read	Book Talk linked	children.	matched to the	exception words.	and capital letters	sentences with
Aloud texts:	to key texts.		school's phonic		correctly.	words with known
Mr Gumpy's		Book Talk linked	programme.	Re-read these		letter-sound
Outing	Writing letters	to key texts.		books to build up	Spell words by	correspondences
Whatever Next	from their own		NELI for targeted	their confidence	identifying the	using a capital letter
Rosie's Walk	name.	Write their name	children.	in word reading,	sounds and then	and full stop.
Farmer Duck		and CVC words.		their fluency and	writing the sound	Re-read what they
Six Dinner Sid	Write the letters		Book Talk linked	their	with letter/s.	have written to
Goodnight Moon	they are learning	Seasons	to key texts.	understanding		check that it makes
The Gruffalo	in their daily RWI	The Train Ride		and enjoyment.	NELI for targeted	sense.
Shhh!	session.	linked to seasonal	Working on		children.	

On the Way		change. Poetry	writing a range	NELI for targeted		NELI for targeted
Home	Growing	Oi Frog Rhyme	of CVC words	children.	Book Talk linked to	children.
	Jasper's	The Gruffalo	using all the		key texts.	
	Beanstalk	Each Peach Pear	letters and less	Book Talk linked		Book Talk linked to
	Fran's Flower	Plum	frequent	to key texts.	Working on blending	key texts.
	Jack and the	Hairy Maclary	consonant		adjacent consonants	
	Beanstalk		digraphs and	Working on	in words and apply	Write each letter
	NF Text Bean		some long vowel	writing a range	this in writing.	correctly.
			phonemes.	of CVC words		
				using all the	Write each letter	Trad
			Spell some of the	letters and less	correctly.	Stories/Materials
			common	frequent		Three little pigs
			exception words	consonant	Spell some of the	Golidilocks
			eg the, I and me	digraphs and	common exception	
				some long vowel	words eg the, I and	
			Form letters	phonemes.	me	
			correctly			
				Spell some of the	Form letters correctly	
				common	Write labels, lists	
			Hot and Cold No	exception words	and captions.	
			Nonsense	eg the, I and me		
			Literacy NF TS		Write simple	
			Penguins NNL	Form letters	sentences.	
			NF TS	correctly		
			Owl Babies	Write labels, lists	Habitats Minibeasts	
				and captions.	and Under the Sea	
					The Very Hungry	
				Food	Caterpillar	
				The magic	Billy's Beetle	
				porridge Pot	Anansi the Spider	
				The Little Red Hen	Minibeasts NF	
				Handa's Surprise		

Mathematics

Developing a strong grounding in number is essential so that all children develop the necessary building blocks to excel mathematically. Children should be able to count confidently, develop a deep understanding of the numbers to 10, the relationships between them and the patterns within those numbers. By providing frequent and varied opportunities to build and apply this understanding - such as using manipulatives, including small pebbles and tens frames for organising counting - children will develop a secure base of knowledge and vocabulary from which mastery of mathematics is built. In addition, it is important that the curriculum includes rich opportunities for children to develop their spatial reasoning skills across all areas of mathematics including shape, space and measures. It is important that children develop positive attitudes and interests in mathematics, look for patterns and relationships, spot connections, 'have a go', talk to adults and peers about what they notice and not be afraid to make mistakes.

ELG: Number

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Have a deep understanding of number to 10, including the composition of each number;
- Subitise (recognise quantities without counting) up to 5;
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts.

ELG: Numerical Patterns

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Verbally count beyond 20, recognising the pattern of the counting system;
- Compare quantities up to 10 in different contexts, recognising when one quantity is greater than, less than or the same as the other quantity;
- Explore and represent patterns within numbers up to 10, including evens and odds, double facts and how quantities can be distributed equally.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Maths	Count objects,	Link the number	Understand the	Automatically	Compose and	Compare length,
Number	actions and	symbol (numeral)	'one more	recall number	decompose shapes	weight and
Numerical	sounds.	with its cardinal	than/one less	bonds for	so that children	capacity.
patterns	Subitise.	number value.	than'	numbers 0-10.	recognise a shape	Place value
	Matching.	Count beyond	relationship	Select, rotate and	can have other	Addition/Subtraction
	Sorting &	ten.	between	manipulate	shapes <i>within</i> it,	Money, time, shape
	Comparing	Compare	consecutive	shapes in order to	just as numbers can.	Halving, doubling,
	Numbers 1, 2, 3,	numbers.	numbers.	develop spatial	Continue, copy and	sharing
	4, 5, 0	Numbers 1, 2,	Explore the	reasoning skills.	create repeating	

3, 4, 5, 0 Number bonds recall Shape Early doubling	composition of numbers to 10. Numbers 6,7,8,9,10 Place value Addition / Subtraction Subitising Shape	Teen Numbers Place value Addition Subtraction	patterns. Number patterns Addition/Subtraction Money, time, shape Halving, doubling, sharing	
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Understanding the World

Understanding the world involves guiding children to make sense of their physical world and their community. The frequency and range of children's personal experiences increases their knowledge and sense of the world around them – from visiting parks, libraries and museums to meeting important members of society such as police officers, nurses and firefighters. In addition, listening to a broad selection of stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems will foster their understanding of our culturally, socially, technologically and ecologically diverse world. As well as building important knowledge, this extends their familiarity with words that support understanding across domains. Enriching and widening children's vocabulary will support later reading comprehension.

ELG: Past and Present

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society;
- Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class;
- Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling.

ELG: People, Culture and Communities

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts and maps;
- Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class;
- Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, nonfiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.

ELG: The Natural World

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Explore the natural world around them, making observations and drawing pictures of animals and plants;

Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class;

- Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Understanding	Talk about	Recognise that	Recognise some	Understand that	Explore the natural	Comment on images
the World	members of their	people have	environments	some places are	world around them.	of familiar
Past and Present	immediate family	different beliefs	that are different	special to	Draw information	situations in the
People Culture	and community.	and celebrate	to the one in	members of their	from a simple map.	past.
and Communities	_	special times in	which they live.	community.		
The Natural World	Name and describe people	different ways.		-	Describe what they see, hear and feel	Compare and contrast characters
	who are familiar	Recognise some	Recognise some		whilst outside.	from stories,
	to them.	similarities and	environments	Investigations,	Minibeasts, living	including figures
		differences	that are different	healthy food	things and their	from the past.
	Explore the	between life in	to the one in		habitats	
	natural world	this country and	which they live.			Explore the natural
	around them.	life in other				world around them.
		countries	Animals			Materials
	Plants		including			
		Understand the	humans			
		effect of changing				
		seasons on the				
		natural world				
		around them.				
		Seasons				

Expressive Arts and Design

The development of children's artistic and cultural awareness supports their imagination and creativity. It is important that children have regular opportunities to engage with the arts, enabling them to explore and play with a wide range of media and materials. The quality and variety of what children see, hear and participate in is crucial for developing their understanding, self-expression, vocabulary and ability to communicate through the arts. The frequency, repetition and depth of their experiences are fundamental to their progress in interpreting and

appreciating what they hear, respond to and observe.

ELG: Creating with Materials

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function;
- Share their creations, explaining the process they have used;
- Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories.

ELG: Being Imaginative and Expressive

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher;
- Sing a range of well-known nursery rhymes and songs;

Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and - when appropriate - try to move in time with music.

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Expressive Arts	Develop	Listen attentively,	Watch and talk	Sing in a group	Explore, use and	Explore and engage
and Design	storylines in their	move to and talk	about dance and	or on their own,	refine a variety of	in music making
Creating with	pretend play.	about music,	performance art,	increasingly	artistic effects to	and dance,
Materials	Create	expressing their	expressing their	matching the	express their ideas	performing solo or in
Being	collaboratively,	feelings and	feelings and	pitch and	and feelings.	groups.
Imaginative and	sharing ideas,	responses.	responses.	following the		
Expressive	resources and			melody.	Printing Printing	Drawing and
	skills.	3D form and DT	Paper and fabric	Return to and		painting
		food	collage	build on their		
	Drawing and			previous learning,		
	painting			refining ideas and		
				developing their		
				ability to		
				represent them.		
				DT design and		
				make project		
RE	What do	Why does	What is the	Why does Easter	Who do Christians	Who is Muslim and
	Christians believe	Christmas matter	'good news'	matter to	say made the	how do they live?

	God is like?	to Christians?	Christians say Jesus brings?	Christians?	world?	
Music	Charanga music Hey You	Charanga Music Rhythm in the way we walk	Charanga Music Round and Round	Charanga Music the Groove	Charanga Music Your Imagination	Charanga Music Reflect Rewind and Replay
Off-site Enrichments	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA	ТВА	ТВА
Internal Enrichments	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA	TBA	ТВА